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Period3

Unit 7 Annotated Bibliographies

"Treaty of Versailles." *Wikipedia*. Wikimedia Foundation, 27 Mar. 2012. Web. 29 Mar. 2012. <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Treaty\_of\_Versailles>.

The treaty of Versailles was a created at the end of World War 1. It ended the state if war between Germany and the Allied Powers. The Treaty of Versailles was signed on June 28 1919. In the treaty was many provision and the most important one was the controversial required that Germany was to accept responsibilities for causing the war and they were also forced to pay substantial territorial concession and also pay for heavy reparations. The total cost of the reparations was around 132 billion marks. Not only did they have to pay but they hand to disarm which meant that the German army or military could not draft anymore, the German army was limited in size to 100,000 men, and the German navy and air force were severely reduced. The whole point of the treaty of Versailles was designed to establish terms of peace between Allied Powers and Germany, in total the treaty was one part of what is generally regarded as the Peace of Paris.

"Economic Effects of the War." *Economic Effects of World War II*. Web. 29 Mar. 2012. <http://www.johndclare.net/wwii1\_economic\_effects.htm>.

During the Second World War there was a huge economic impact and for the United States it caused many men to fight, and caused their wives or women to do their work. During the war there was a huge growth in munitions/ aircraft industries. Also food production was huge, but there was a shortage of workers. The economy was so bad that the government had to take control, and they suggested trading railways, shipping, and banking. During the time that the government was in control was the time that there was a massive government debt which was accumulated. There was also a lot of destruction of factories and machines which hurt our economy harder The destruction from the bombing created a need for massive house building after the war, and recruitment and training of workers was disrupted. The government set up the beveridge committee which brought in the welfare state after the war.

"The American Cause: Why Did Japan Attack Us?" *The American Cause*. Web. 29 Mar. 2012. <http://www.theamericancause.org/patwhydidjapan.htm>.

The Japanese decided to attack America, and they bombed Pearl Harbor because almost all of the immediate forces were naval and because they had most of the naval forces their at the time. They did this so that they could cripple any efforts to attack them while they attack us. They also chose Pearl Harbor because it was the nearest to japan rather than the mainland. They knew the closer they get to the mainland the earlier and sooner we would be able to trace their planes. And if they couldn’t attack they would fly back and by that time American forces from Pearl Harbor will be waiting for the Japanese airplanes. The Japanese ambassador in D.C. was also lying about what was going down, and said that Japan would not attack Hawaii. This later on proved to be suspicious. To recap Hawaii was not the only target there were choices life San Francisco and other coastal areas.

“Why Was the Battle of Midway a Turning Point for the War in the Pacific?" *WikiAnswers*. Answers. Web. 29 Mar. 2012. <http://wiki.answers.com/Q/Why\_was\_the\_Battle\_of\_Midway\_a\_turning\_point\_for\_the\_war\_in\_the\_Pacific>.

The turning point in the Pacific was the battle of Midway. It wasn’t a turning point because of its location. When the United States and Japan were fighting in midway both sides had a lot of their supplies lost or just missing. Also during the time of the battle of Midway the Japanese were in a situation that would not be easy to replace any losses it did in the fight. The reason why Midway became a turning point was that the Us came out of the battle In far better shape than a rational assessment would have them achieve. To others the battle of Midway was more than any other battle in WW2 in the pacific; the battle was very large and would prove to be the winner of the war. They won the battle of Midway with the help of intelligence which were gathered for a couple of months.

"The United States Enters WWI." Learn Social Studies and American History. Web. 29 Mar. 2012. <http://www.socialstudieshelp.com/lesson\_72\_notes.htm>.

During the time of World War I the United States wanted to remain a neutral player in the war. But when Germany announced that they would life all restrictions on submarine warfare declaration meant that German U- boat commanders were allowed to sink all ships that were believed to be providing aid to their allies. But on February 3, 1917 a German u- boat sank an American cargo ship called the “Housatonic”, this event was the first victim and even after all the dead American people the United States still remained a neutral player. But by the time spring came around in 1917 the status of the United States remaining neutral had changed and they were ready for war. This was caused by German u- boats that kept on continuing to sink American cargo, and passenger ships that were in the area. By April 2 President Wilson appeared before the congress and offered that the United States would participate in the war, and the congress responded Yes.

Research-Based Outline Worksheet II

1. What?: Describe and explain *thoroughly* the historical topic/person. The historical topic was what caused the first world war compared to what started the second world war and from the information that I have found. I can tell you that the from the first World War the United States joined because of German U- boats sinking American cargo and passenger ships. And the start of World War 2 which was caused by economic problems and the treaty of Versailles.
2. Why?: Thesis- Create an topic/person specific statement (sentence) that **asserts** what you are trying to prove. The difference between the causes of the Two world wars was that one was started from an action, and the second was caused by a basically the first world war.
3. Body 1: The United States enter World War 1

A) The start of the First World War was caused from German U- boats that sink American cargo and passenger ships. This action killed a lot of Americans and proved to show how carless Germany was. The Germans kept on sinking innocent American ships and the President at the time Woodrow Wilson that he had enough and asked congress if they could go to war and congress said yes. They wanted Germany to pay for what they have done and to feel sorry about it.

B). "We have stood apart, studiously neutral."(Woodrow Wilson)

C). This event is important because the cause of the First World War started from a reaction from what another country had done to us.

D). This examples supports the overall topic because the prompt asks the difference between the causes of World War 1, and World War 2 and this is the cause of World War 1.

Body #2: Economic effects of World War 2

A). After the First World War the economic system of the United States started to fall apart. During the time that the government was in control was the time that there was a massive government debt which was accumulated. There was also a lot of destruction of factories and machines which hurt our economy harder The destruction from the bombing created a need for massive house building after the war, and recruitment and training of workers was disrupted.

B.) "The Government's business is in sound condition." — Andrew W. Mellon, Secretary of the Treasury

C). This is important because it was one of the causes of the Second World War, and it was one of the more significant ones.

D). This supports my overall topic because it talks about how the United States was in the World War 2 and what reasons.

Body #3: The treaty of Versailles

A). The treaty of Versailles was a created at the end of World War 1. It ended the state if war between Germany and the Allied Powers. The Treaty of Versailles was signed on June 28 1919. In the treaty was many provision and the most important one was the controversial required that Germany was to accept responsibilities for causing the war and they were also forced to pay substantial territorial concession and also pay for heavy reparations.

B). In the last three days, we have worked well. All the great issues of concern to

France are almost settled. Yesterday, as well as the two treaties giving us the

military support of Britain and the United States in case of a German attack, I

obtained the occupation of the Rhineland for fifteen years, with partial evacuation

after five years. If Germany does not fulfil the treaty, there will be no evacuation

either partial or definitive. At last I am no longer anxious. I have obtained almost

everything I wanted.

C). This event is important because it was one of the reason s on why the second

world War started and that was some countries didn’t like the rules and didn’t want

it to stick around.

  D). This supports my overall topic because this was one of the causes of the second

World War.

1. Conclusion**: Describe how American domestic and foreign policies were affected by the United States involvement in World War II.**